

Periodicity disruptions in models of the Quasi-Biennial Oscillation

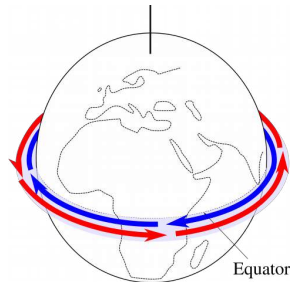
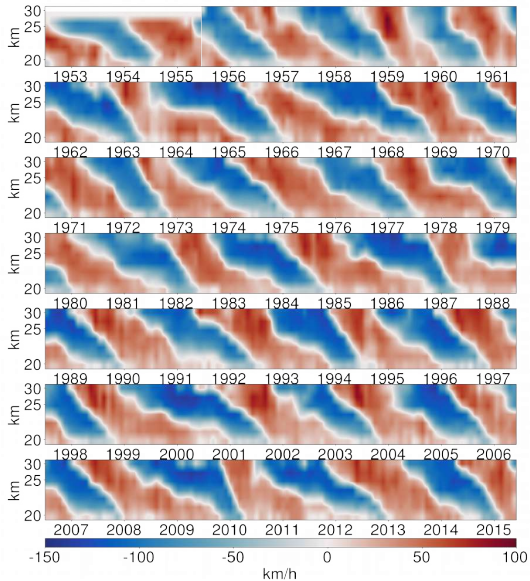
A. Renaud, A. Venaille¹ and L.P. Nadeau²

1 ENS, Lyon (France)

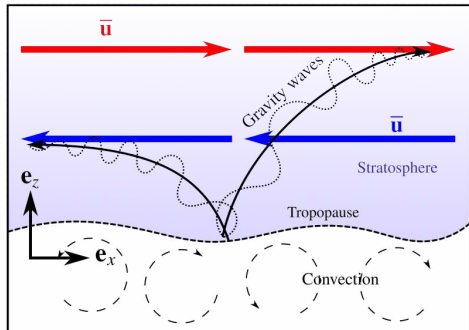
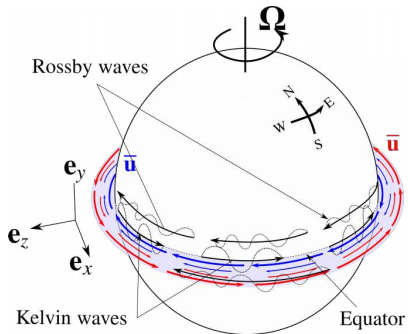
2 Ismer, Rimousky (Quebec)



Reminder: What is the QBO?



Reminder: Underlying mechanism



Key ingredients:

- Periodic geometry
- Internal gravity wave streaming (stratification + damping)
- Doppler shift
- Counter-propagating waves

Holton-Lindzen-Plumb model

A 1D quasilinear model

Mean-flow equation:

$$\partial_t \bar{u} - \nu \partial_{zz} \bar{u} = -\partial_z (\overline{u'w'}_+ + \overline{u'w'}_-)$$

WKB momentum flux closure:

$$\begin{cases} \overline{u'w'}_+ = F \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \int_0^z \frac{dz'}{(1 - \bar{u}(z')/c)^2} \right\} \\ \overline{u'w'}_- = -F \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \int_0^z \frac{dz'}{(1 + \bar{u}(z')/c)^2} \right\} \end{cases}$$

Key parameter – the Reynolds number:

$$Re = \frac{F\Lambda}{\nu c}$$

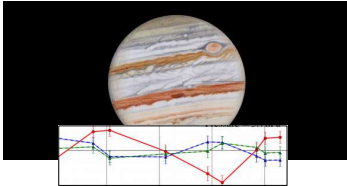
HLP-model in the QBO regime

$$\partial_t \bar{u} - \nu \partial_{zz} \bar{u} = -\partial_z \overline{u'w'}_+ - \partial_z \overline{u'w'}_-$$

$$Re = 20$$

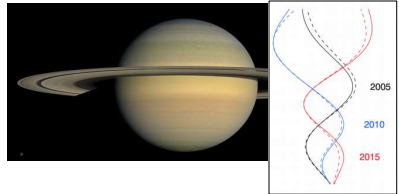
The QBO dynamical system beyond Earth

Jupiter



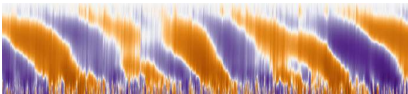
Cosentino *et al.* 2017

Saturn



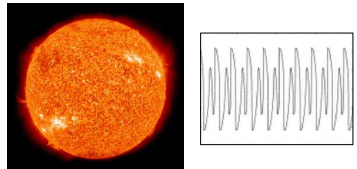
Guerlet *et al.* 2018

Numerical simulations and laboratory experiments



Couston *et al.* 2018
Plumb & McEwan 1978
Sémin *et al.* 2018

Stellar tachoclines



Kim & McGregor 2011

Large-scales governed by small scales

The **QBO** is a **large-scale** phenomenon governed by **small-scale** internal gravity waves



This a **very common** feature in **geophysical fluid dynamics**

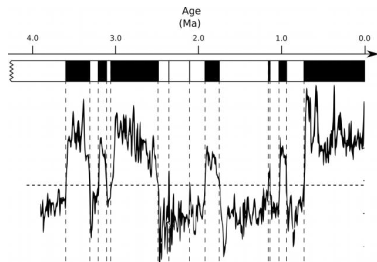
Low-frequency variability governed by small scales

Jupiter's Great Red Spot



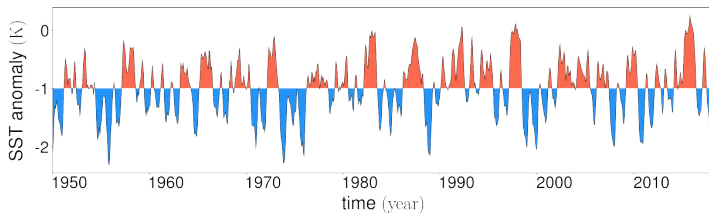
Nasa (Juno)

Earth magnetic field reversals



Pelletier 1998

El Niño southern oscillation



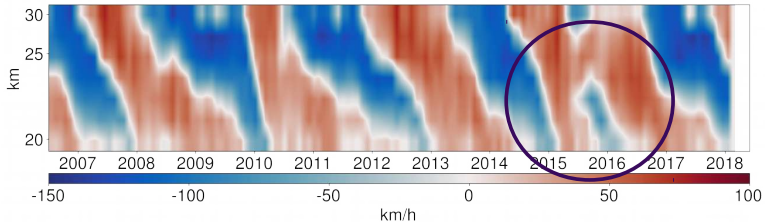
Wang & Fiedler 2006

Low-frequency variability of the QBO

→ **Quasiperiodic** : $24 \text{ months} \leq T_{\text{qbo}} \leq 30 \text{ months}$

→ **Unexpected periodicity disruption** in 2016

Osprey et al 2016



NATURE WORLD NEWS

Scientists Baffled by Strange Disruption of Wind Pattern in Earth's Stratosphere



“Un contresens dans la stratosphère”

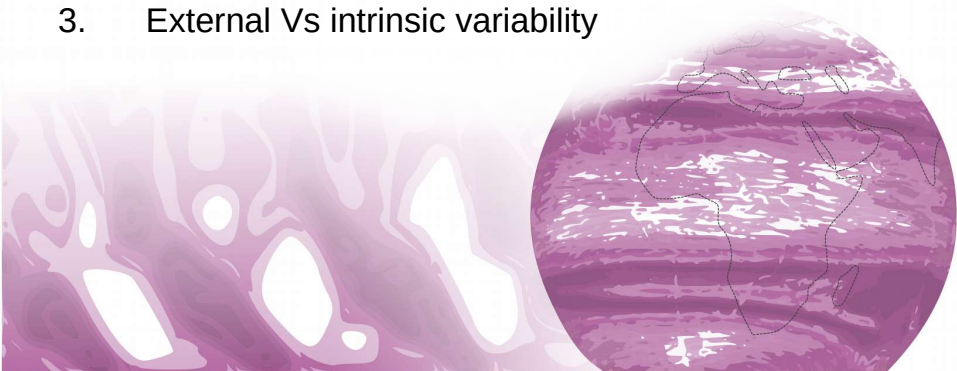
08/09/2016

Beyond the periodic regime in idealised models of the QBO

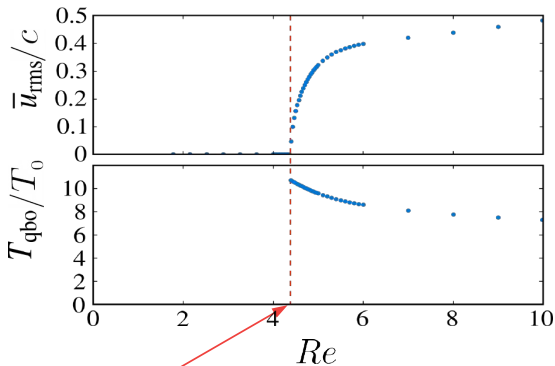
- Is there other **non-periodic regimes** ?
- What is at the origin of the QBO **variability** ?

Route to chaos in equatorial wind reversals

1. **The QBO bifurcation**
2. A quasiperiodic route to chaos
3. External Vs intrinsic variability



Yoden & Holton (1988)



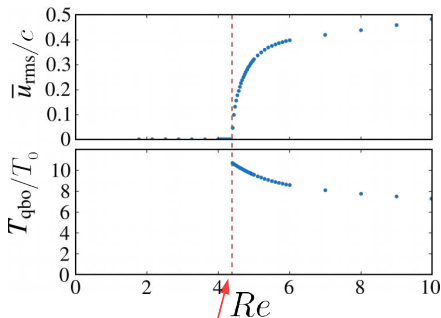
$$Re_c \approx 4.25$$

A Hopf bifurcation

Importance of the bottom boundary condition

No-slip

$$\bar{u}|_{z=0} = 0$$

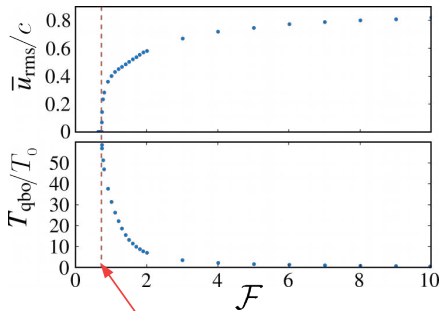


$$Re_c \approx 4.25$$

Yoden & Holton (1988)

Free-slip

$$(\partial_z \bar{u})|_{z=0} = 0$$



$$Re_c = \frac{j_{0,1}^2}{16} \approx 0.36$$

Analytical result

Effect of boundary streaming

Wave viscous boundary layers

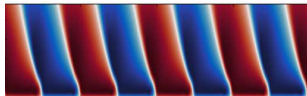
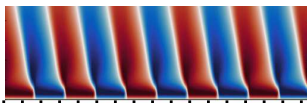
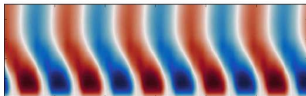


Boundary streaming

With
boundary streaming



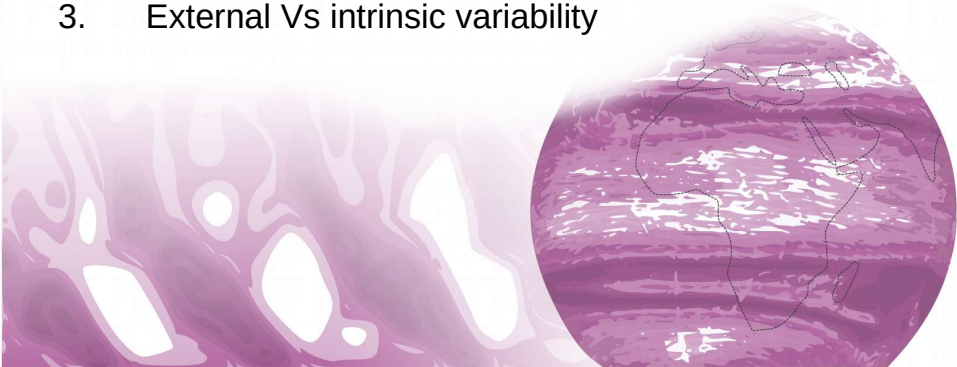
Without
boundary streaming



Renaud & Venaille, *JFM* 2018

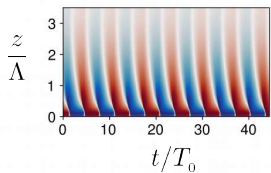
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Periodic state

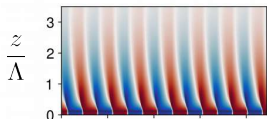
25



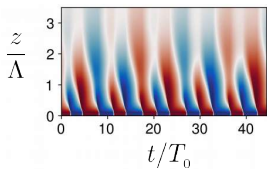
Re

Quasiperiodic state

25



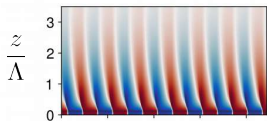
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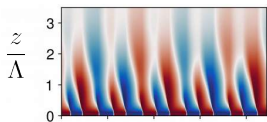
Re

Frequency locked state

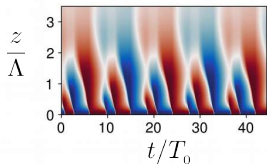
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33

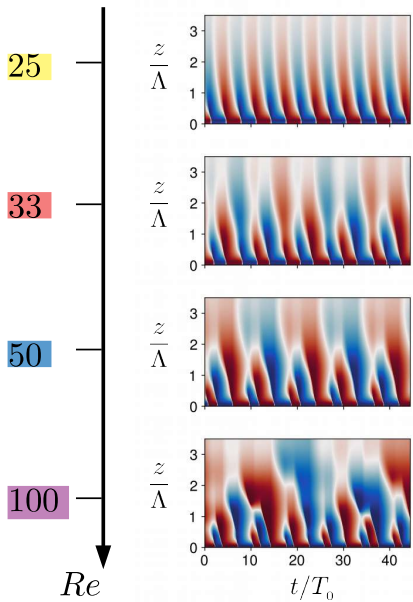


50

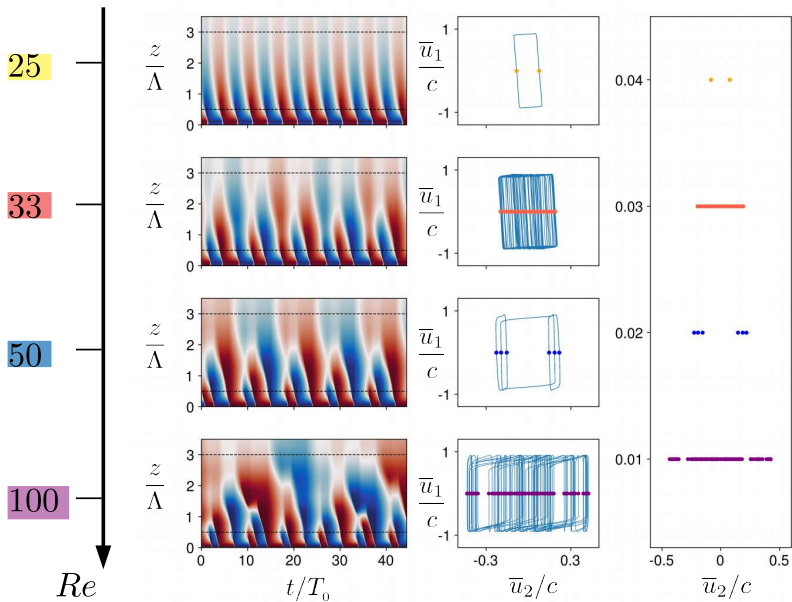


Re

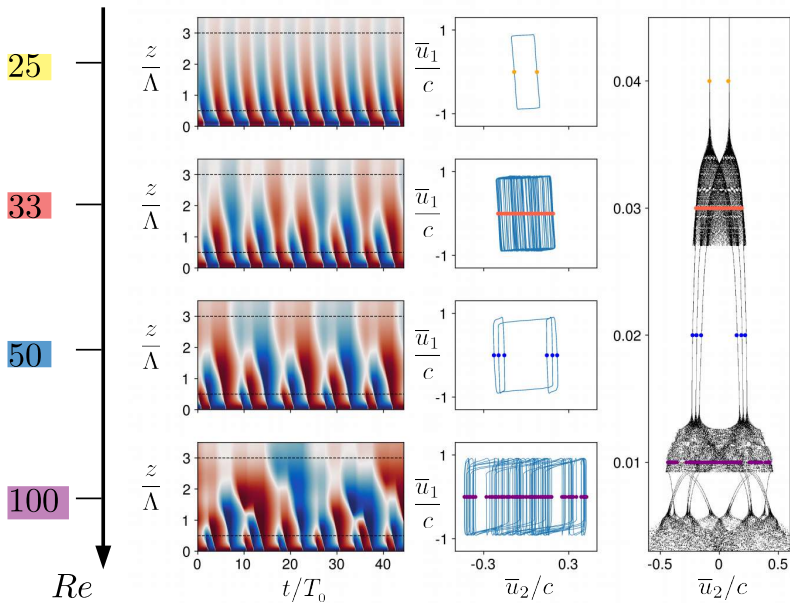
Chaotic state



Bifurcation diagram



Bifurcation diagram



Additional “damping type” parameter

2 damping process: Newtonian Cooling and (effective) viscosity

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda} = \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{NC}}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\nu}} \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{cases} \Lambda_{\text{NC}} \propto \omega^2 \\ \Lambda_{\nu} \propto \omega^4 \end{cases}$$

Additional “damping type” parameter

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Momentum flux:

$$\overline{u'w'}_+(z) = F_0 \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{\Lambda_0} \int_0^z dz' \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{(1-\bar{u}(z')/c)^2} + \left| \frac{\alpha}{(1-\bar{u}(z')/c)^4} \right| \right) \right\}$$

Additional “damping type” parameter

2 damping process: Newtonian Cooling and (effective) viscosity

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda} = \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{NC}}} + \frac{1}{\Lambda_{\nu}} \quad \text{with} \quad \begin{cases} \Lambda_{\text{NC}} \propto \omega^2 \\ \Lambda_{\nu} \propto \omega^4 \end{cases}$$

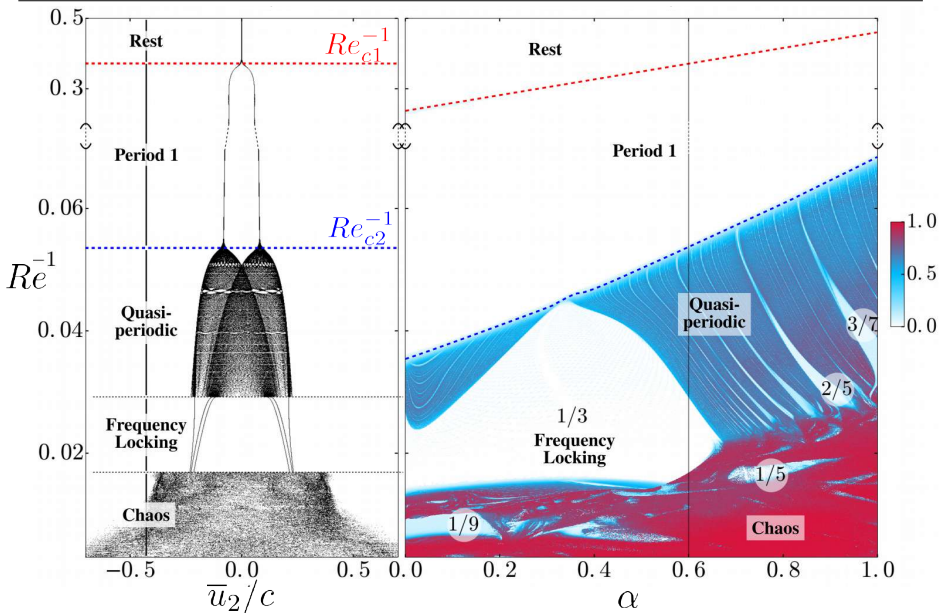
Momentum flux:

$$\overline{u'w'}_+(z) = F \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{\Lambda} \int_0^z dz' \left(\frac{1-\alpha}{(1-\bar{u}(z')/c)^2} + \left| \frac{\alpha}{(1-\bar{u}(z')/c)^4} \right| \right) \right\}$$

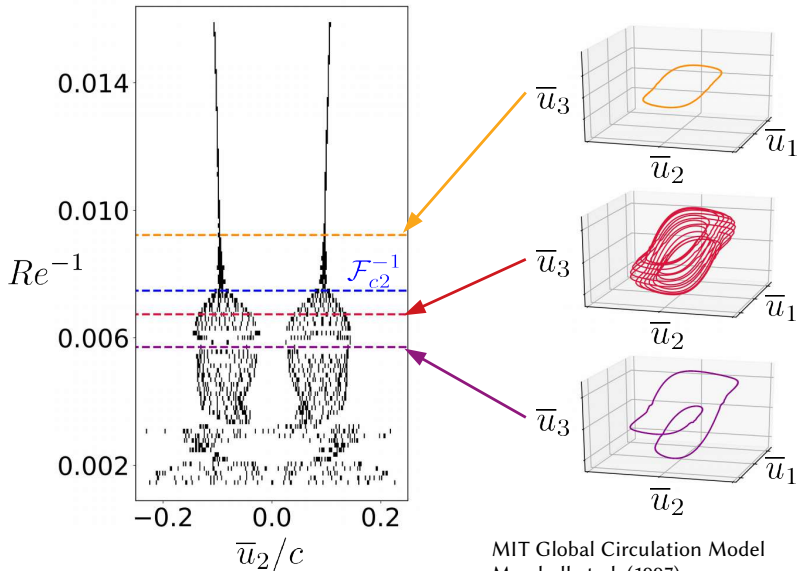
New parameter

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \nearrow 0 \leq \alpha \leq 1 \nwarrow & \\ \text{Newtonian cooling only} & & \text{Viscosity only} \end{array}$$

Quasiperiodic route to chaos

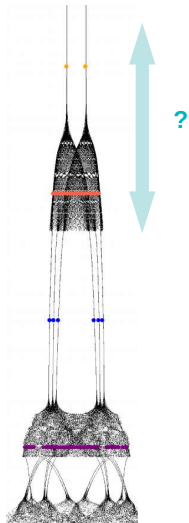


2D fully nonlinear simulations



MIT Global Circulation Model
Marshall et al. (1997)

Where is the QBO?



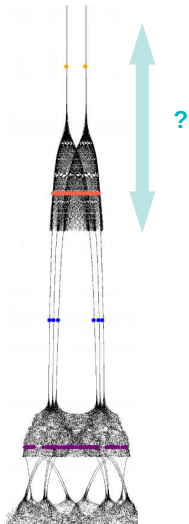
$$Re = \frac{\Lambda^2}{\nu T}$$

Turbulent (effective) viscosity



Large uncertainties !

Where is the QBO?



$$Re = \frac{\Lambda^2}{\nu T}$$

Turbulent (effective) viscosity



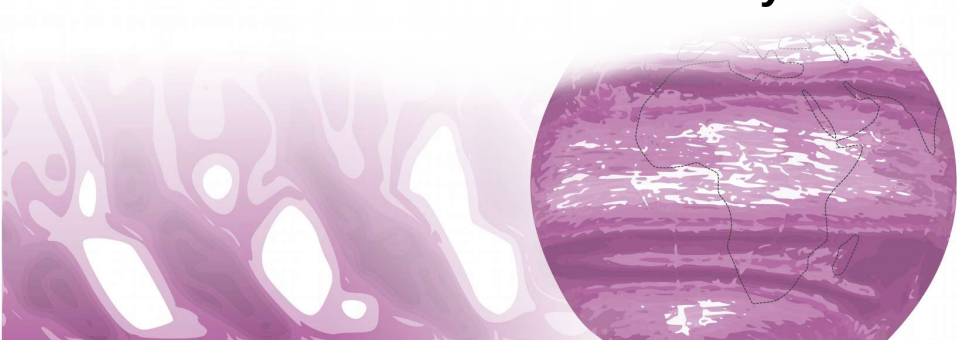
Large uncertainties !

	1D quasilinear	2D nonlinear
Re_{c1}	≈ 4	≈ 45
Re_{c2}	≈ 20	≈ 130

Hard to answer..

Route to chaos in equatorial wind reversals

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3. **External Vs intrinsic variability**

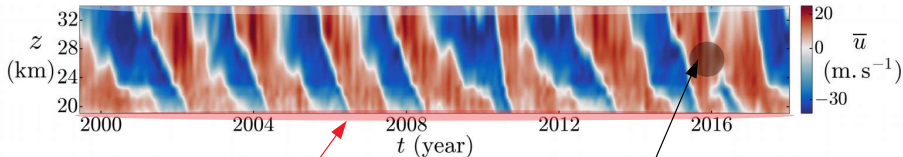


Extrinsic variability

Seasonal cycle

tropical up-welling

Read & Castrejón-Pita 2012
Rajendran *et al.* 2018

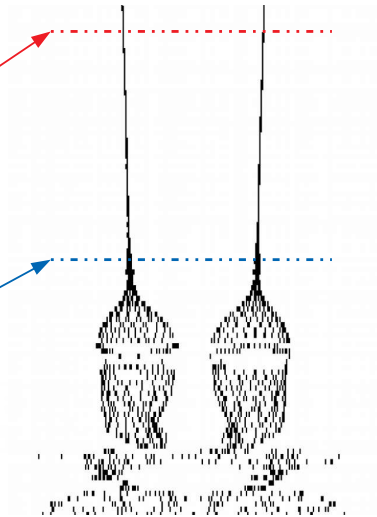
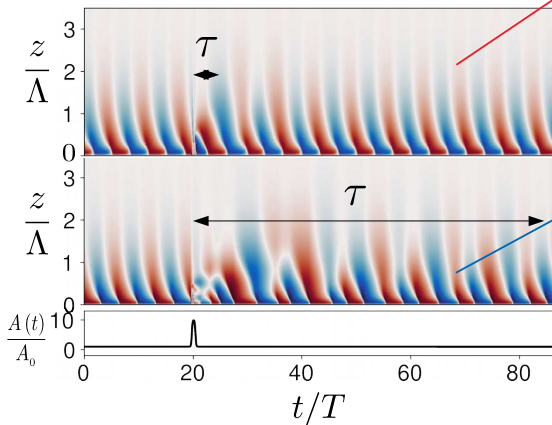


Wave-activity variability

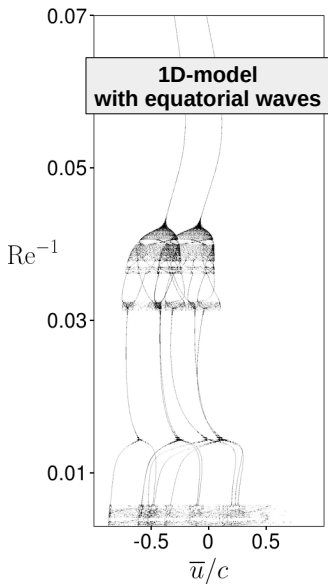
Extra-tropical perturbations

Coy *et al.* 2017
Fletcher *et al.* 2017

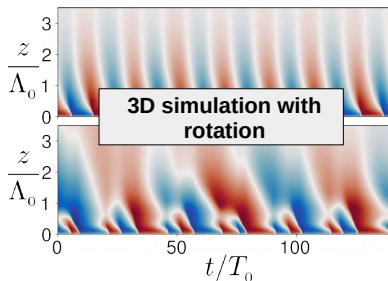
Coupling with internal mode of variability



Perspectives: Trace-up results in more realistic models



- 3D simulations
- Rotation and sphericity
- Full internal wave spectrum
- Seasonal cycle (Upwelling & SAO)
- Achievable in experimental settings ?



Additional work: existence of a distinguished limit

The assumptions made to derive the model are rarely discussed.

→ Quasilinear approximation, WKB asymptotics, weak damping, ...

Can we actually consider arbitrarily large Reynolds number without breaking any hypothesis?

→ For purely **viscous** damping, the distinguished limit imposes $Re \rightarrow 0$

Boundary streaming by internal wave,
Renaud & Venaille, JFM 2018

→ Where the damping is dominated by **Newtonian cooling**, we have shown the existence of a distinguished limit with $Re \sim 1$ or $Re \gg 1$

Upcoming paper

Thank you for your attention!

Renaud, Nadeau & Venaille,
Periodicity Disruption of a Model Quasiannual Oscillation of Equatorial Winds,
PRL (2019)

